Hospital Name

Community Health Improvement and Health Equity Plan

HEART DISEASE: SMOKING

Outcome: Reduce the incidence of heart disease _____ from the current ____ per 1,000 diagnoses according to the ExploreMOHealth.org database.

Goal: Reduce the smoking rate in ZIP codes ______ in <hospital name> area from _____ to

per 1,000 diagnoses by <date> according to the ExploreMOHealth.org database.

	Key Strategies	Key Actions	Internal Lead	Key External Partners [†]	Key Process/Outcome Measures	Timeline
1	Evaluate Existing	Schools/Youth Identify current school tobacco programs and policies Implement tobacco programs and policies where gaps are identified Identify efficacy of programs Maintain active support and partnership with Council for Drug Free Youth, local county health departments to promote tobacco/drug free lifestyles among youth in focused ZIP codes Employer Identify existing smoking cessation programs		School District Officials/Personnel School Nurses Health Departments Council for Drug Free Youth (CDFY) Substance Abuse Coalitions in this region Chamber of Commerce Partners in Education Major Local Employers Health Departments	Increase by at least one school adopting tobacco free school policies Establish the baseline for "Missouri Student Survey" Enroll at least one local employer to provide assessments,	
	Programs				screenings and education to their employees	
		City and County Assess current local ordinances Engage city and local stakeholders in establishing ordinances		Health DepartmentsCity Officials	Increase by at least one passed ordinance in the region	
		Develop and offer standardized smoking cessation education and/or facilitate referral to cessation program		American Heart AssociationFQHCs	Establish the baseline for smoking cessation education rate in hospital name patient population	
2	Assess and Screen	Schools/Youth Support the implementation of the "MOST Teens Don't Campaign" in school settings Evidence-based programs:		 School District Officials/Personnel School Nurses Health Departments 	Establish the baseline for individuals participating in the "MOST Teens Don't Campaign" in schools in the region	

	Key Strategies	Key Actions	Internal Lead	Key External Partners [†]	Key Process/Outcome Measures	Timeline
		Project Toward No Tobacco Use (TNT) A Smoking Prevention Interactive Experience (ASPIRE) Employer		Council for Drug Free Youth (CDFY) Substance Abuse Coalitions in this region Chamber of Commerce Partners in Education Major Local Employers	Enroll at least one local employer	
		 Develop "Worksite Health Promotion Program" based on CDC Worksite Health Scorecard to prevent heart disease, stroke, diabetes and related health conditions https://nccd.cdc.gov/DPH_WHSC/HealthScorecard/Home.aspx Provide worksite health assessments, screenings and education 		 Major Local Employers Health Departments 	to provide assessments, screenings and education to their employees Establish the baseline for participants in the smoking cessation program	
		 Provide tools and resources to support screening and for patients and families in need of services for prevention/lifestyle management Heart disease screening events that include evidence-based tobacco cessation education and screening such as: Hooked on Nicotine Checklist (HONC) Fagerstrom Test for Nicotine Dependence Partnerships with Faith-Based Communities Freedom from Smoking Missouri specific cessation resources Cancer Information Service - Help For Quitting Become an Ex My Time to Quit Identify methods to reach Latino and African-Americans (e.g. churches) and convert screening and educational materials to Latino and African-American appeal as needed to improve cultural competency 		 FQHCs Faith-Based Organizations Chamber of Commerce American Heart Association Health Departments Major Local Employers City Officials Compass Health 	 Increase number of screening events by one for preventive health Provide at least one outreach program annually for both Latino and African-American populations 	
3	Advocacy	Schools/Youth Advocate and adopt tobacco free school policies specifically in the ZIP codes identified to have the		School District OfficialsHealth Departments	Increase by at least one school adopting tobacco free school policies	



Key Strategies	Key Actions	Internal Lead	Key External Partners [†]	Key Process/Outcome Measures	Timeline
	highest rates of smoking in the <hospital> region through education and promotional campaigns Advocate for the implementation of school based curriculum on tobacco prevention through education and promotional campaigns</hospital>			Increase by at least one school adopting the tobacco prevention curriculum	
	Partner with businesses and local employers to become tobacco free places.		Major Local Employers City Officials	Increase by at least one business adopting the tobacco free places	
	 State, City and County Support local tobacco free ordinances across the counties in this region Advocate and provide education to encourage adoption of smoke free policies and local tobacco free ordinances across the counties in this region (e.g., Tobacco 21, point-of-sale initiatives) 		 Health Departments City Officials Major Local Employers 	 Increase by at least one passed ordinance in the region Increase by at least one policy adopted in local businesses/restaurants and federally funded housing units 	
Legend	-				
Notes	Action items for heart disease takes into account hype		esterol.		

Hospital Name

Community Health Improvement and Health Equity Plan

HEART DISEASE: HYPERTENSION

Outcome: Reduce the incidence of heart disease ______ from the current _____ per 1,000 diagnoses according to the ExploreMOHealth.org database.

Goal: Reduce the hypertension rate in ZIP codes ______ in <hospital name> area from _____ to

per 1,000 diagnoses by <date> according to the ExploreMOHealth.org database.

	Key Strategies	Key Actions	Internal Lead	Key External Partners [†]	Key Process/Outcome Measures	Timeline
1	Assess and Screen	 Develop Senior Health program including ongoing (at least quarterly) community and minority health screening program for key CVD risk factors such as blood pressure, cholesterol and BMI www.Munroe.Prestige55.org Host annual community health screening event on "Successful Aging Forum" or "Know Your Numbers" to include CVD profile screenings and facilitate referral or evidence-based interventions when screening positive for risk factor(s) or disease process Develop "Worksite Health Promotions Program" based on CDC Worksite Health Scorecard to prevent heart disease, stroke, diabetes and related health conditions https://nccd.cdc.gov/DPH WHSC/HealthScore card/Home.aspx Assess <hospital name=""> Worksite Health utilizing CDC Worksite Health Scorecard and develop action plan including onsite screening event</hospital> Increase Medicare annual wellness exams and develop appropriate plan of care for CVD and hypertension Participate in screening exercises for hypertension including blood pressure, BMI, 		 Central Missouri Area Agency on Aging YMCA Health Departments American Heart Association • Major Local Employers • FQHCs	Establish the baseline for individuals participating in the community and/or worksite risk assessments, screenings and education	

	Key Strategies	Key Actions	Internal Lead	Key External Partners [†]	Key Process/Outcome Measures	Timeline
		cholesterol screenings during community events Promote Community-Based Non-Physician or Self-Screenings performed by other stakeholders Identify methods to reach Latino and African- Americans (e.g. churches) Evidence-Based Tools and Guidelines: State Heart Disease and Stroke Prevention Program Addresses High Blood Pressure Million Hearts® National Heart Disease and Stroke Prevention Program Addresses High Blood Cholesterol WISEWOMEN program Well-Integrated Screening and Evaluation for WOMen Across the Nation) Healthy People 2020 CDC Worksite Health Scorecard an assessment tool for employers to prevent heart disease,			Provide at least one outreach program annually for Latino and African-American populations	
2	Access to Care	 Evaluate existing capacity at clinic locations in the community – hours of operation and number of providers Identify patients without a primary care provider Explore and implement telemedicine program (includes remote monitoring) options to improve access to specialist Increase patient portal access to promote patient communication with care providers, patient access to test results, and patient ability to schedule appointments electronically Evaluate utilization of Community Health Worker to improve health equity and better serve those with CVD Identify gaps in transportation 		 FQHCs Other Healthcare Facilities in Community Health Departments Department of Health and Human Services / Barbara Brendel OATS City Officials 	 Establish the baseline for wait time for new patient appointments and established patients Establish the baseline for same-day appointment fill rate Establish the baseline of number of appointments scheduled electronically through patient portal Establish the baseline for utilization of transport services offered in the jurisdiction 	



	Key	Key	Internal	Key External	Key Process/Outcome	Timeline
	Strategies	Actions	Lead	Partners [†]	Measures	Timeline
3	Transitions of Care	 Coordinate and manage care across the continuum by tracking patients from hospital to post-acute care setting (home, SNF/nursing home, rehab, or palliative) Utilize EHR quality registries to reduce care gaps Implement CMS transitional care management (TCM) and chronic care management (CCM) guidelines Enhance the transitions of care for patients with heart-related diseases to ensure a good connection with post- acute resources and information Reduce readmissions and preventable hospitalization. Correlate with existing readmission reduction program 		 FQHCs Nursing Homes Other Post-Acute Care Settings 	Establish the baseline for performance score on "Transition of Care" questions for hospital and medical group patient satisfaction surveys Continue to reduce preventable readmissions	
4	Clinical Care/ Pathways	Continue to implement evidence-based protocols through EHR to manage care across the continuum related to key metrics of cholesterol, lipids and blood pressure (using CDC guidelines). Correlate with existing programs Evaluate becoming a Million Hearts® 2022 partner by aligning with the Million Hearts® 2022 priority action guides and protocols Implement Patient Centered Medical Home Level III Recognition		 American Heart Association FQHCs Health Departments City Officials 	 Utilize MIPS measures to improve metrics related to cholesterol, lipids and blood pressure Align with Million Hearts® 2022 partner goals 	
5	Support Groups and Self- Management	Implement a Chronic Disease Self- Management Program that addresses self- management of chronic diseases. i.e., cardiopulmonary, cardiac nutrition https://www.ncoa.org/healthy-aging/chronic- disease/chronic-disease-self-management- programs/ Promote self-management tools in patient portal to assist patients with recording self- care results such as blood pressure, blood sugar, and weight Implement Self-Measured Blood Pressure Monitoring (SMBP)		 American Heart Association FQHCs YMCA Central Missouri Area Agency on Aging Health Departments Food Pantries 	Establish the baseline for number of participants in the support group	

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	Key Strategies	Key Actions	Internal Lead	Key External Partners [†]	Key Process/Outcome Measures	Timeline
6	Education	https://millionhearts.hhs.gov/files/MH_SMBP_Clinicians.pdf Continue to host or collaborate to provide support groups: Stroke, Mended Hearts, Diabetes Provide heart disease and diabetes education and awareness via participation in speakers bureaus, etc. Identify educational material to improve health literacy across different populations with increased focus on Latino and African-Americans Expand heart disease education across the community in collaboration with other partners through workshops and programs. This includes weight, hypertension, cholesterol, nutrition as well as smoking education. Evidence-based heart disease programs: Cardiovascular Health Education Program (CHEP) Hearts For Life: A Community Program on Heart Health Promotion Educate providers about the eligibility requirements for WISEWOMAN screenings and referrals Provide diversity and cultural competency training to providers and staff that increases awareness of health disparities in our region		 American Heart Association Major Local Employers School District Officials YMCA FQHCs Health Departments 	 Establish the baseline for number of patients who are educated on heart disease, specifically on comorbidities, cholesterol, blood pressure, diabetes and blood pressure screening Establish the baseline for hypertension rate for the region identified by ZIP code Establish the baseline for number of participants in the smoking cessation program Establish the baseline for number of individuals attending nutrition programs and workshops Establish the baseline for number of referrals utilizing the Health Department WISEWOMEN program At least one educational offering provided annually for diversity and cultural competency 	

Legend	- [†] Key external partner listings are included in the appendices.
Notes	- Action items for heart disease takes into account hypertension and cholesterol.
	Review below evidence-based strategy https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/17102157 https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/11071226 CDC Guidelines – Evidence-Based Strategy
Additional Resources	Clinicians, public health practitioners, health care systems, and individuals Million Hearts Action Guide: Self Measured Blood Pressure Monitoring Health Education: Heart Disease
	Blood Pressure Know The Facts About Your Blood Pressure: CDC https://www.cdc.gov/bloodpressure/docs/ConsumerEd_HBP.pdf
	Community Health Worker's Training Resource - A comprehensive training manual to improve skills and competencies of community health workers. Includes a chapter on high cholesterol with information, activities, tip sheets and resources on ways to reduce cholesterol.



Hospital Name Community Health Improvement and Health Equity Plan DIABETES Outcome: Reduce the incidence of diabetes ______ from the current _____ per 1,000 diagnoses according to the **ExploreMOHealth.org database.** Conduct quarterly screening events in ZIP codes ______ in <hospital name> area to identify individuals with pre-diabetes and diabetes diagnoses. Reduce the diabetes diagnoses in ZIP codes ______ in <hospital name> area from _____ to ____ per 1,000 diagnoses by <date> according to the ExploreMOHealth.org database.

	Key Strategies	Key Actions	Internal Lead	Key External Partners [†]	Key Process/Outcome Measures	Timeline
1	Assess and Screen	Schools/Youth Identify children (K-12) that could be at high risk through school health screening Identify children (K-12) without primary care provider or pediatrician Partner to support programs that promote physical activity and nutrition (e.g., CEMo WeCan, Boys & Girls Club) Employer Develop "Worksite Health Promotion Program" based on CDC Worksite Health Scorecard to prevent heart disease, stroke, diabetes and related health conditions. Include spouse and dependents https://nccd.cdc.gov/DPH_WHSC/HealthScorec ard/Home.aspx		 School Nurse School District Officials FQHCs YMCA Civic Organizations City Parks and Recreations • Major Local Employers	Establish the baseline for number of screenings completed Establish the baseline for children without primary care provider or pediatrician Establish the baseline for children engaging in physical activity Establish the baseline for number of biometric screenings completed	
		City/County and Community Identify existing screening events offered in the community through local partners		 Health Departments/ Diabetes Educators Food Pantries YMCA 	Establish the baseline for number of participants in screening events	

Goals:

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Key Strategies	Key Actions	Internal Lead	Key External Partners [†]	Key Process/Outcome Measures	Timeline
	 Utilize above identified events to have improved coordination of such events and reduce variation Develop Senior Health program including ongoing (at least quarterly) community and minority health screening program for key diabetes risk factors such as HgA1c, nutrition, physical activity, blood pressure, cholesterol, and BMI (e.g. www.Munroe.Prestige55.org) Host annual community health education and screening event on "Successful Aging Forum" or "Know Your Numbers" to include diabetes risk health profile screenings and facilitate evidence-based interventions when screening positive for risk factor(s) or disease process. Identify methods to reach Latino and African-Americans (e.g. churches) Streamline referral mechanisms to diabetes educators within the community Implement a referral process for patients within the community or healthcare settings identified with diabetes and develop real time scheduling process for individuals that are identified without a PCP (refer to access to care section) Collaborate with YMCA to establish Diabetes Prevention Program https://www.cdc.gov/diabetes/prevention/index.html https://www.ymca.net/diabetes-prevention/ 		 American Diabetes Association Faith-Based Organizations MHA Diabetes Shared Learning Network 	 Establish the baseline for number of prediabetes and diabetes patients identified Provide at least one outreach program annually for both Latino and African-American populations Establish the baseline for number of referrals to diabetes educators Establish the baseline for number of individuals enrolled in DPP program 	
	Hospital and Medical Group		Diabetes Educators		
	Evaluate alignment with AMA/CDC Prevent Diabetes STAT (Screen/Test/Act Today) and M.A.P (Measure/Act/Partner) program guidelines and tool kits https://preventdiabetesstat.org/index.html https://www.stepsforward.org/Static/images/modules/10/downloadable/M.A.P.%20(Measure,%20Act,%20Partner).pdf Diabetes: Screening Tools				

	Key Strategies	Key Actions	Internal Lead	Key External Partners [†]	Key Process/Outcome Measures	Timeline
		CDC Guidelines - CDC Prediabetes Screening Test CDC Guideline (Page 9, 10) - Diabetes Risk Test National Institute for Diabetes and Digestive Kidney Diseases - Diabetes Risk Test ADA Diabetes Guidelines - A1c, fasting plasma glucose for diagnostic testing				
2	Access to Care	 Evaluate existing capacity at clinic locations in the community – hours of operation and number of providers Utilize disease registry to identify prediabetes and diabetes patients for internal campaigns Increase patient portal access to promote patient communication with care providers, patient access to test results, and patient ability to schedule appointments electronically Explore and implement telemedicine program (includes remote monitoring) options to improve access to specialist Identify gaps in transportation 		 FQHCs Health Departments OATS City Officials 	 Establish the baseline for number of days for scheduled new patient appointments and established patients Establish the baseline for number of individuals through outreach by diabetes health educators Establish the baseline and increase utilization of patient portal Establish the baseline for utilization of transport services offered in the jurisdiction 	
3	Transition of Care	 Coordinate and manage care across the continuum by tracking patients from hospital to post-acute care setting (home, SNF/nursing home, rehab, or palliative) Utilize EHR quality registries to reduce care gaps Implement CMS transitional care management (TCM) and chronic care management (CCM) guidelines Enhance the transitions of care for patients with diabetes to ensure a good connection with post-acute resources and information Reduce readmissions and preventable hospitalization. Correlate with existing readmission reduction program 		 FQHCs City/County Officials Case Management/Social Worker/Community Health Worker 	Establish the baseline for performance score on "Transition of Care" questions for hospital and medical group patient satisfaction surveys Continue to reduce preventable readmissions	



		Neviseu. Julie 20, 2010
4 Clinical Care Pathways	 Improve MIPS Quality Scores for hemoglobin A1c, lipids, blood pressure, neuropathy, fasting plasma glucose testing in an effort to identify patients with prediabetes and maintain control of clinical indicators for existing patients with diabetes Implement evidence-based diabetes protocols to manage care across the continuum utilizing Million Hearts Action Guide: Self Measured Blood Pressure Monitoring 	 FQHCs Health Departments Increase number of patients being tested for A1c during visits
Support Groups and Self- Managemen	Provide and enroll individuals with prediabetes in Diabetes Self-Management Education Program (DSME) https://www.cdc.gov/learnmorefeelbetter/programs/diabetes.htm Promote self-management tools in patient portal to assist patients with recording self-	Health Departments FQHCs Major Local Employers Faith-Based Organizations Establish the baseline for number of individuals enrolled in DSME program Establish the baseline for number of patients using patient portal self-management care tools
6 Education	Provide diabetes education and awareness via participation in speakers bureaus, etc. Identify educational material to improve health literacy across different populations with increased focus on Latino and African-Americans Provide and enroll individuals with prediabetes in Diabetes Empowerment Education Program (DEEP) https://www.mhanet.com/mhaimages/sqi/chna/Diabetes%20Empowerment%20Education.pdf Provide diversity and cultural competency training to providers and staff that increases awareness of health disparities in our region	Health Departments FQHCs Major Local Employers Faith-Based Organizations Establish the baseline for number of individuals enrolled in DEEP program At least one educational offering provided annually for diversity and cultural competency
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Legend	- [†] Key external partner listings are included in the appendices.
Note	-
	Educate diabetics using curriculum provided by the National Diabetes and Education Program (NDEP)
	Clinical tools and resources Clinical Diabetes Diabetes
Additional	<u>Diabetes Spectrum</u>
Additional	Review below evidence-based strategy
Resources	https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/17102157
	http://journals.sagepub.com/doi/pdf/10.1177/014572179902500609
	http://journal.diabetes.org/diabetesspectrum/00v13n4/page234.asp
	Community-Based Diabetes Screening and Risk Assessment – Example of a best practice program below
	http://dx.doi.org/10.1155/2016/2456518