



OB HEMORRHAGE REPORT

Patient label

Initiate at Stage 1:
 Blood loss > 500ml vaginal or 1000ml cesarean
 OR vital signs > 15% change or HR ≥ 110, BP ≤ 85/45, O2 Sat < 95%
 OR increased bleeding during recovery, postpartum

MD Team Names	Notified Time	Arrival Time	Date:	Hemorrhage Risk Category on Admission:
			History:	
Time				
Vital Signs	HR			
	BP			
	RR			
	O2 Sats			
	EBL			
	Mental Status			
	Urine Output			
	Pain			
	O2 device & L/min			
Medications	Methergine			
	Hemabate			
	Misoprostol			
	Oxytocin			
	Pain Meds			
IV & Blood Products	LR			
	NS			
	Oxytocin			
	IVdrip			
	RBCs			
	FFP			
	PLTS			
CRYO				
Labs	Hct/Hgb			
	Platelets			
	PT/PTT			
	Fibrinogen			
Procedures	ABG			
	Uterine Balloon			
	Embolization			
	X-Ray			
Outcome			Disposition	
Primary RN			Additional Team Members	
MD Note:				
MD Signature:				
Date/Time:				

Lyndon A, Lagrew D, Shields L, Melsop K, Bingham B, Main E (Eds). Improving Health Care Response to Obstetric Hemorrhage. (California Maternal Quality Care Collaborative Toolkit to Transform Maternity Care) Developed under contract #08-85012 with the California Department of Public Health; Maternal, Child and Adolescent Health Division; Published by the California Maternal Quality Care Collaborative, July 2010.



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Dry Weights and Quantification of Blood Loss

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1gm of blood=1ml

Place item on scale and subtract item's dry weight from weight displayed on scale to quantify blood loss. For example, if the total weight of a saturated blue chux pad is 250g, subtract dry item weight of 40g. Blood loss estimate is 210ml.

Item	Approx. Dry Weight (grams)	“Wet” Weight	Wet Weight minus Dry Weight = milliliters (ml) of fluid/blood	Total per category
Fitted Sheet	410			
Flat Sheet	512			
Blue Chux	40			
Large Peripad	68			
Small Peripad	10			
Bath Towel	156			
7L Pink Basin	118			
Xray Detectable Sponge	4 (pack of 10=40g)			
Lap Sponge	20 (pack of 5=100g)			
Graduated Drape Volume	Estimated amniotic fluid volume _____ Irrigation fluid volume + _____ Non-blood subtotal = _____		Total fluid volume _____ Non-blood subtotal - _____ Blood volume _____	
TOTAL ESTIMATED BLOOD LOSS (ml)				

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